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Brewery Sector Update

The forgotten stone now the stumbling block

The competition in the brewery sector took a new turn over 2018, with the impact now becoming noticeable on earnings of our coverage brewers. The financial results of Nigerian Breweries Plc (NB) and Guinness Nigeria Plc (Guinness) in the past quarter were disappointing, with NB reporting a loss after tax of №3.6 billion in its third fiscal quarter of 2018 (Q3 18) while Guinness reported a 37.3% YoY decline in earnings (excluding FX losses) in its first fiscal quarter of 2019¹ (FQ1 19). The weaker earnings for both companies reflects the stiff competition from International Breweries (IB) which not only impacted on beer volumes for NB and Guinness but limited their ability to raise prices considering higher excise duty rates. Following the poor earnings outturn by NB, we make downward revisions to our estimate for FY 18E and FY 19-23F. Specifically in 2018, we forecast FY 18E EPS at №2.87 (previous: №3.69) for NB, due to weaker margins from rising competition which has limited its ability for an upward adjustment in prices and higher operating costs.

For both NB and Guinness, we see limited scope for margin expansion in FY 19F. Our view is based on IB's unrelenting push to increase national presence and drive up its market share, supported by the recent capacity expansion (added ~2.5 million hectoliters) at its Shagamu plant. Accordingly, we expect pressured volumes for other sector players in the medium term. Also, the next phase of excise duty increase (+17%) is expected to commence in early 2019. The 17% hike will see beer and spirit excise duty rates rise to \$\frac{10}{20}.35\$ (previous: \$\frac{10}{20}.30\$) and \$\frac{10}{20}.75\$ (previous: \$\frac{10}{20}.50\$) respectively per centiliter. While we expect some price hike to protect already weak margins, we think the increase will not be sufficient enough to fully offset the excise duty increase given the still pressured consumer wallets as well as intense competition for market share in the sector. On the back of this, we forecast FY 19F EBIT margin of 12.9% (FY 18E: 12.6%) and 8.6% (FY 18: 9.4%) for NB and Guinness respectively. On net, we forecast FY 19F EPS of \$\frac{10}{20}.97\$ (FY 18E: \$\frac{10}{20}.97\$) (FY 18E: \$\f

NB: NL

Rating	SELL
Price	N 79.4
FVE	₩76.58
52-week range	N 75.00 - N 155.00
Market Cap. (₩'bn)	679.73
1-month Avg. Vol	2,016,867
Curr. PE	28.5x

GUINNESS: NL

Rating	SELL
Price	№ 74.00
FVE	№ 73.96
52-week range	¥71.20 − ¥120.25
Market Cap. (₩'bn)	162.09
1-month Avg. Vol	304,919
Curr. PE	19.9x

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¹ Guinness Nigeria fiscal year ends June

• Following adjustments to our forecasts, we cut our FVE on NB to ₹76.58 (previous: ₹121.30) and Guinness to ₹73.96 (previous: ₹88.21), translating to a SELL rating for both stocks.

Table 1: Financial Highlights

N'Million	NB FY 18E	NB FY 19F	GUINNESS FY 18A	GUINNESS FY 19F
Revenue	321,067	327,259	142,975	145,157
Gross profit	130,123	134,059	48,625	48,918
Operating profit	40,376	42,110	13,386	12,545
Net profit	22,976	23,725	6,717	7,756
EPS	2.87	2.97	3.07	3.54

Source: Company Financials, ARM Research

Figure 1: Share price trend (rebased) - NGSE, NB and GUINNESS



Source: Bloomberg, ARM Research

• Competition bites sector heavy weights. The intense competition in the brewery sector was majorly from an existing player – International breweries – whose cheap pricing strategy, strong mainstream products (Trophy and Hero) and new capacity of ~2.5 million hectoliters, enabled it to gain market presence in major regions in the country. With muted growth in the overall beer market over the period, this meant weaker volumes and loss of market share for NB and Guinness. Precisely, over the 9M 18 period, IB reported a double-digit growth in volumes, according to commentary from its parent company. On the other hand, NB's volume declined high single digit. We also estimate muted beer growth for Guinness over the same period. While we expect growth in the beer market to pick up in FY 20-23F hinged on our expectation for improved macroeconomic environment, we think

volume share gain for NB and Guinness will be limited due to IB's drive to gain substantial footprint in the country.

Beer price increase on the cards but won't be enough: The next phase of hike in excise duty rates on alcohol is set to commence in January with an expected increase of 17% over the last reviewed rate. The 17% hike will see beer & stout excise rate rise to \$\frac{\text{\text{\text{\text{W}}}}}{2}}{2}\$. (previous: ± 0.30) while spirits rise to ± 1.75 (previous: ± 1.50) per centiliter. We recall that a 36% hike on excise duty rate for alcohol was implemented beginning June 2018 which led NB and Guinness to hike product prices by an average of 12%. However, the hikes were reversed due to weaker sales volume, after IB decided to leave prices unchanged on its mainstream products. As a result, gross margin over the nine-month period contracted for brewers - NB (-230bps YoY to 40%), Guinness² (226bps to 32.4%) and IB (-10ppts to 34.5%). Given currently weak margins and expectation of further pressure from the hike in excise duty rates in January, we believe all sector players will pass-through the increase to consumers through higher product prices in a bid to protect margins. However, we do not expect a full pass-through given still pressured consumer wallets. Basically, given that IB absorbed the initial increase in excise duty, we only expect a slight adjustment to the additional 17% increase in excise duty starting January. As a result, we estimate price hike in the low double-digit range over 2019. Already, current gross margin level for NB, Guinness and IB are below their respective 5-year historical average of 46.7%, 41.5% and 46%.

50%

FY 16 FY 17 FY 18E 5-year average

40%

30%

20%

NB Guinness IB

Figure 2: Brewery companies gross margin trend

Source: Company filings, ARM research

² Guinness' gross margin was based on FQ1 19

Nigerian Breweries Plc (₹76.58, SELL)

- Earnings on track to touch an all-time low: Nigerian Breweries earnings over 9M 18 came in below our expectation (EPS: №1.85 vs. ARM estimate of №2.52) due to higher cost of sales from rise in barley prices (+11.9%) and higher cost per unit with decreasing scale a fallout of weaker volumes. Reflecting the heated competition and further declines in volumes into Q4 18, we forecast FY 18E revenue to decline by 6.8% YoY to №321 billion. As stated earlier, with IB's relentless drive to build presence in Nigeria as well as support from its new capacity, we expect volume pressure for NB in the medium term. Hence, we have cut our medium-term revenue forecast by 2% on average, representing a 5-year CAGR of 4%. Mainstream and affordable beer currently account for 80% of the total beer volume and also the segment that is contributing the most to IB's volume growth. We believe NB can regain market share, by increasing its product portfolio in the mainstream beer category although, we think it's a remote possibility given that it's a premium company in line with the strategy of its parent company Heineken. Recent premium product innovations in 2018 Stella and Tiger beer attests to this.
- We forecast FY 18E cost of sales to decline slower by 5.4% YoY to ¥190 billion due to rising barley price and loss of economies of scale. Accordingly, we forecast FY 18E gross margin at 40.8% (FY 17: 41.7%) and EBIT margin of 12.6% (FY 17: 17%). The steep decline in our EBIT margin forecast stems from higher operating expenses (OPEX to sales ratio of 28.4% vs. 26.3% in 9M 17), particularly marketing and distribution expenses which was elevated due to marketing campaigns during the world cup as well as its continued push to remain visible in the tough competitive environment. Over our forecast horizon, we project average EBIT margin of 15.7%, lower than 5-year historical EBIT average of 21%.
- Overall, despite our tamer net finance cost expectation of ¥6.6 billion (-37% YoY) on account of lower FX losses our forecasts translate to FY 18E and FY 19F EPS of ¥2.87 (FY 17: ¥4.13) and ¥2.97 respectively. In line with historical trend of 100% dividend payout, we forecast dividend yield of 3.4% and 3.5% respectively.
- Following adjustments to our forecasts and having rolled forward our model, we cut our FVE on NB to ₹76.58 (previous: ₹121.30), translating to a SELL rating on the stock based on current pricing. On our numbers, NB trades at a 2019 P/E of 28.6x (5-year historical average of 24.5x) relative to Guinness of 20.9x.

Summary of Results and Forecasts - Naira (₦) – Nigerian Breweries

ANNUAL					
Income Statement (N 'm)					
	2016A	2017A	2018E	2019F	2020F
Revenue	313,743	344,563	321,067	327,259	340,655
COGS	178,219	201,013	190,124	193,200	197,207
Gross Profit	135,525	143,549	130,944	134,059	143,447
Operating Cost	83,237	88,647	91,605	93,738	97,487
Operating Profit	52,903	57,121	40,376	42,110	47,076
Net finance Cost	13,229	10,491	6,588	7,726	7,267
PBT	39,675	46,630	33,788	34,384	39,809
Тах	11,258	13,581	10,812	10,659	12,739
PAT	28,417	33,049	22,976	23,725	27,070
Balance Sheet (N '000)					
Fixed Assets	191,182	195,230	195,694	195,480	194,596
Stocks	31,245	42,729	34,222	34,776	35,497
Trade debtors	19,974	20,384	24,198	21,467	18,604
Cash & other bank balances	12,156	15,867	8,893	15,285	22,643
Total Assets	367,146	382,228	370,936	374,953	379,306
Liabilities					
Trade Creditors	111,184	127,947	85,556	86,940	88,743
Non-current Liabilities	56,978	47,877	67,952	70,010	71,957
Total liabilities	201,233	203,930	192,638	196,654	201,008
Shareholders' fund	165,914	178,298	178,298	178,298	178,298
Key Ratios	2016A	2017A	2018E	2019F	2020F
Gross Margin	43%	42%	41%	41%	42%
EBIT Margin	17%	17%	13%	13%	14%
PBT Margin	13%	14%	11%	11%	12%
Net Margin	9%	10%	7%	7%	8%
EPS	3.6	4.13	2.9	3.0	3.4
P/E	41.3	32.6	47.0	45.5	39.9
EV/EBITDA	14.5	11.9	16.4	16.0	14.5
ROA	8%	9%	6%	6%	7%
ROE	17%	19%	13%	13%	15%

Guinness Nigeria Plc (N73.96, SELL)

- Operating picture remains weak, but lower FX losses will support earnings: Guinness Nigeria started its 2019 fiscal year on a slow note with earnings (excluding FX losses) down 37.3% YoY due to a 6.8% decline in revenue and slower decline in cost of sales (-2.8%). The decline in revenue reflects weaker sales volume and higher excise duty rates, in our view. Irrespective, for the FY 19 period, we forecast a 1.5% YoY growth in revenue to ¥145 billion due largely to higher prices following the implementation of the new excise duty rates. We also expect some support from increased spirits contribution to revenue, particularly its resilient locally produced mainstream spirits products. Management guides to 20% spirits contribution to revenue by 2020 from 15% contribution in FY 18. Over FY 19-23F, we forecast revenue to rise by a 5-year CAGR of 3.9%.
- In line with NB, cost to sales ratio rose (+226bps YoY to 67.6%) in FQ1 19 which we attribute to the rise in barley price (+11.9%) and higher cost per unit due to loss of diseconomies of scale following weaker volumes. Taking this into account, with our FY 19F cost to sales ratio forecast of 66.1%, we forecast cost of sales at №96 billion, representing a 1.7% YoY increase from FY 18. Accordingly, we forecast FY 19F gross margin at 33.7% and 35% on average over FY 20-23F, lower than 5-year historical gross margin average of 41.5%. Competition is expected to heat up further in the brewery sector, hence, we foresee higher operating costs majorly from higher marketing expenses. With our OPEX to sales ratio forecast of 25.7% (FY 18: 25.1%), we project FY 19F EBIT margin at 8.6% (FY 18: 9.4%). Over our forecast horizon, we forecast EBIT margin of 9.7%, relatively unchanged from 5-year historical EBIT margin average of 10%.
- Guinness Nigeria successfully completed ¥40 billion rights issue in its 2018 fiscal year. The bulk of the proceeds was used to pay down its foreign currency denominated loans which previously inflicted pressure on finance costs via higher interest expense and FX losses. Precisely, the company's debt to equity as at FQ1 19 stands at 17% from 98% as at FY 17 respectively. With tamer debts, moderation in its FCY loans and stability in the currency, we forecast net finance cost to decline by 59.1% YoY to ¥2.3 billion in FY 19F.
- Solely on account of lower net finance costs, which offsets pressures from revenue and higher input & operating costs, we forecast EPS of №3.54 and DPS of №2 in FY 19F. Following adjustments to our forecasts and having rolled forward our model, we cut our FVE on Guinness Nigeria to №73.96 (previous: №88.21), translating to a SELL rating on the stock based on current pricing. On our numbers, GUINNESS trades at a 2019 P/E of 20.9x (5-year historical P/E average of 25.5x) relative to NB of 28.6x.

Summary of Results and Forecasts - Naira (₦) – Guinness Nigeria

ANNUAL					
Income Statement (N 'm) *					
meonie Statement (14 m)	2016A	2017A	2018A	2019F	2020F
Revenue	101,973	125,920	142,976	145,157	150,126
COGS	(60,163)	(77,605)	(94,350)	(96,239)	(99,083)
Gross Profit	41,810	48,315	48,625	48,918	51,043
Operating Cost	(37,895)	(38,976)	(35,908)	(37,305)	(38,582)
Operating Profit	4,416	10,186	13,386	12,545	13,422
Finance Cost	(7,948)	(9,778)	(5,645)	(2,308)	(2,951)
PBT	(2,347)	2,662	9,943	11,080	10,903
Тах	331	(738)	(3,226)	(3,324)	(3,271)
PAT	(2,016)	1,924	6,718	7,756	7,632
Balance Sheet (N '000) *					
Fixed Assets	87,233	87,325	97,602	98,723	98,978
Stocks	13,021	23,094	19,032	24,060	24,771
Trade debtors	29,004	24,199	24,766	24,677	25,521
Cash & other bank balances	5,845	6,595	7,451	2,149	8,210
Total Assets	136,992	146,038	153,255	154,013	161,884
Liabilities					
Trade Creditors	37,530	43,053	31,176	28,872	29,725
Non-current Liabilities	28,222	39,376	22,820	23,631	24,524
Total liabilities	95,332	103,095	65,667	63,051	66,567
Shareholders' fund	41,661	42,943	87,588	90,962	95,317
Key Ratios	2016A	2017A	2018A	2019F	2020F
Gross Margin	41%	38%	34%	34%	34%
EBIT Margin	4%	8%	9%	9%	9%
PBT Margin	-2%	2%	7%	8%	7%
Net Margin	-2%	2%	5%	5%	5%
EPS	(1.34)	1.28	3.07	3.54	3.48
P/E	(82.17)	86.11	35.87	31.07	31.57
EV/EBITDA	14.25	9.75	15.88	11.06	9.83
ROA	-2%	1%	4%	5%	5%
ROE	-4%	5%	10%	9%	8%

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M now employs a two-tier rating system which is based on systemic importance of the security under review and the deviation of our target price for the stock from current market price. We characterize systemic importance as a function of a stock's ranking among the group of top 20 stocks by NSE market capitalization over a trailing 6-month period (minimum) to the review date. We adopt a 5-point rating system for this category of stocks and a 3-point rating system for stocks outside this group. The choice of top 20 stocks arises from the consideration that this group of stocks constitutes >75% of overall market capitalization and stocks outside this group are generally less liquid and individually account for <<1% of market capitalization. For stocks in both categories, the basis for ratings subject to target price deviation is outlined below:

TOP 20		NON-TOP 20	
Rating	Deviation	Rating	Deviation
STRONG BUY	>20%	BUY	>20%
OVERWEIGHT	10% — 20 %	NEUTRAL	5% — 20 %
NEUTRAL	0% — 10 %	SELL	<5%
UNDERWEIGHT	-5% — 0%		
SELL	<-5%		

RECOMMENDATION	KEY		
Rating	Recommendation		
BUY	Accumulate security to a substantial extent constrained only by portfolio diversification considerations		
OVERWEIGHT	Accumulate security to an extent moderated by cognizance of its benchmark weight		
NEUTRAL	Maintain status quo for security with respect to current holding—i.e. keep if already holding and don't buy otherwise—subject to reasonable portfolio constraints		
UNDERWEIGHT	Minimize exposure to security taking cognizance of its index weighting		
SELL	Sell-off security completely from portfolio		
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